Approved For Release 2003/05/27 : CIA-RDP84-00780R005080070094-7

EILE Training 6

17 July 1972

NOTE FOR: Mr. Wattles

HURLIED PRELIMINARY
Some thoughts about TR paper:

- 1. My earlier view that OTR must train larger numbers in core courses has moderated somewhat because of recent developments.
- 2. OTR's position that OP, or someone, demonstrate a need for more runnings of core courses before planning same seems to be a pragmatic and reasonable requirement.
- 3. OTR identifies the six core courses in this paper. Now it's up to OP in its Executive Development package to say how they fit in.
- 4. Also, it's important that ExDir adopt some Agency policy that stimulates attendance at training courses or he consciously decides to rock along as we do now. (The lack of a firm directive or mandate for the Senior Seminar to take its place as a required Executive Development course leaves one to question just how much support attendance at core courses will get from senior management.)
- 5. Perhaps the Board of Visitors can stimulate the interest of senior management in supporting a progressive training program. If not, then all the well-intentioned plans about training more people simply will not be worth a tinker's damn.

6. Editorial suggestion:

Para 2 of Section 4 is a bit harsh and is not explained, i.e. "... impossible and pointless." This should be rewritten and toned down.

7. I would like to discuss with you when you have time

LDP

R	OUTIN	G AND	RECOR	RD SHEET		
SUBJECT: (Optional)						
FROM:			EXTENSION	NO. 120/9 70 COM		
Deputy Director of Training 25X1 1026 CoC Bld	φ.			DD/S 72 2194 DATE 13 July 1972		
TO: (Officer designation, room number, and DATE			2.			
building)	RECEIVED FORWARDED		OFFICER'S INITIALS	COMMENTS (Number each comment to show from what to whom. Draw a line across column after each comme		
^{1.} EO-DDS 7D-18 Hqs.				This paper suffers from a clear understanding of the problem we are		
2.				addressing and involves important matters of Agency training philosoph		
3.				Are we talking about the prese pattern of training numbers or		
4.				massive training? If the numbers are to be increa		
5.				substantially we must presume the the additional trainees will result from an edict of one sort or anoth		
δ.				from the level of the Ex. Dir. Of is unaware of any serious require		
7.			- 2	ment for training that we are not presently meeting. Should the		
6.				orr courses will have to be alter		
				Any substantive increase in number would almost certainly dilute the quality of training, but obviously		
9.				classes can vary greatly in size. With some exceptions we do not		
0.				believe that it is possible to show either the cost effectiveness of		
1.				training or its impact on career development. The effectiveness		
2.				of most training is provable mainly by intangibles such as student sati- faction that it was useful and mana		
3.				ment's agreement that it fits the bi		
4.				with the positive contribution of most of training's effort.		
5.						
				2		

DRAFT 11 July 1972

MEMORANDUM FOR: Director of Personnel

THROUGH

: Deputy Director for Support

SUBJECT

: Training and Personnel Development

REFERENCES

: (a) Memo to DD/S from ExDir-Compt, same subject, dtd 5 June 72 (DD/S 72-2254)

(b) Memo to ExDir-Compt from DTR, subj:
"Training and Career Development,"

dtd 17 Apr 72 (DTR 7403)

1. Principal Factors

In our efforts to establish some terms of reference and dimensions for the major issue raised in Reference (a), i.e., the possibility of expanding enrollment in OTR's core courses to meet the Agency's need for personnel and professional development. I believe we must begin by examining two principal factors:

- a) The definition and degree of "general acceptance" in the Agency of the core courses which would justify their alteration or the allocation of additional resources to them, or both, to accommodate larger enrollments;
- b) realistic estimates of student enrollment in the six core courses, in the light of such acceptance and "viewed from the standpoint of personal and professional development of the work force of the Agency,

rather than of the excellence of the individual courses.''
Approved For Release 2003/05/27: CIA-RDP84-00780R005000070014-7

2. Acceptance of Courses

The acceptance, although not necessarily the validity, of a given course can be determined in several ways, including the favorable reactions of students who have taken it; the continuing flow of quality students positively motivated toward the course; organizational policies which either require or encourage enrollment of certain types of personnel; and the widespread though unofficial belief of managers, supervisors, and other operating personnel that the course makes a constructive contribution to personal or organizational effectiveness. Generally speaking, the Agency's acceptance of the core courses, and many other courses as well, is based on factors such as these.

No systematic procedure yet exists for determining whether or there is a correlation between enrollment in the core courses and on-the-job effectiveness. Our feedback as to the validity of skills training offered by OTR is spotty at best, but is even more elusive in the case of those courses which offer less tangible results, i.e., a broadening of concepts, understanding, and outlook.

Some determination perhaps can be made by the collation and study of pertinent data, as for example through a review of employee performance records both before and after specific training experiences, or through an audit of records to determine if there is an identifiable link

the one hand, and their advancement on the other. Studies of this kind, if they are even to suggest a correlation, must either be comprehensive or involve precise representative sampling. They must also allow for variables, e.g., changes in the nature of jobs; alterations in training content; rates of turnover and advancement opportunities in a given component during a given period of time, etc.

3. Midcareer Records Audit

Our initial studies in this connection have to do with graduates of the Midcareer Course and reveal there are no panaceas available to us.

Our findings suggest that Agency officers who took the Midcareer Course as GS-13's fare considerably better as a group, in terms of promotion, than GS-13 officers as a whole (see Attachment so.). Such advancement, we surmise, is due in considerable measure to the performance records which led to their selection for the course in the first place, and less to any direct benefits from the course as such.

Conversely, two of every three GS-13 officers promoted during the two most recent fiscal years had not taken the Midcareer Course (see Attachment M). Thus, while there does appear to be considerable correlation between an officer's taking the Midcareer Course and his being promoted subsequently, failure to take the course is hardly a box to advancement.

The Midcareer Course clearly enjoys widespread acceptance in the Agency; most components screen their candidates for the course to send

the best officers available; its graduates generally have realized at least some of their estimated potential for further professional growth. One of the strongest criticisms of the course, i.e., that it accepted too many veteran officers in their late forties and early fifties, has largely been overcome.

4. Projecting Student Enrollments

Yet, 112 Agency officers were promoted to GS-14 in FY 1972 without having taken the course. The problem as we see it, therefore, is
for personnel management mechanisms to project two or more years
in advance the numbers of officers by career service who are likely
to be promoted to this grade; for the career services to identify as
nearly as possible and as far in advance as possible, and to make
available for the course, their officers likely to be promoted to GS-14
(from both GS-12 and -13 levels); and for OTR to provide the course
capacity for such officers without negating the basic strength of the
course or undermining essential training in other areas.

The approach being proposed here is applicable also to the other core courses as well-- Intelligence and World Affairs, Managerial Grid (Phase I), Fundamentals of Supervision and Management, Advanced Intelligence Seminar, and Senior Seminar. As we are all agreed, I think, certain of these courses need to make room for some number of officers who could benefit from them in terms of immediate responsibilities but who are not necessarily being groomed for longer-term pro-

fessiApphovedeForcRefeasel2003/05f27enCIAIRDB84200780RD05000000000004477 to exercise

a high degree of critical judgment about potential students in these courses; without such a safeguard, OTR would be faced with providing training on an almost open-ended basis which would be both impossible and pointless. The theoretical student population for the Midcareer Course--all those GS-12s and 13s who haven't had it--is in excess of

25X9

officers. The problem conceivably is of comparable dimension in the cases of the Managerial Grid and Fundamentals of Supervision and Management. In the absence of planning and selection discipline, we would be offering mass training of a highly diluted nature, to an arbitrary student body, to the detriment of organizational development and professional excellence.

With this concern in mind, I would like to provide a relatively detailed review of each of the core courses.

5. Intelligence and World Affairs

This is the only course whose enrollment is governed by Agency regulation. Employees newly entered on duty or those making the transition from sub-professional to professional positions are required to take this course. OTR records indicate that during the last three fiscal years (1970-72), approximately 230 more employees entered on duty with the Agency in professional positions than took the required training.

The two groups are not identical as there frequently is a time lag, typically six months, before a new employee is enrolled. In some instances, the period is several years or even not at all. Technicians entering on duty with the Office of Communications are customarily deferred until they have completed at least one tour of duty overseas.

Interestingly, in FY 1972, the course was given to employees, only two fewer than entered on duty during the year.

The problem with this course is primarily a procedural one. We believe we have the capacity (eight runnings per year for 50 students each time) to accommodate the present flow of new professional employees. If this capacity is either too large or too small, I would appreciate your advising me to this effect.

Systematic compliance is the issue with this course. The key steps appear to be the resumption on my part of a report to the Executive Director-Comptroller concerning compliance/noncompliance and exercise of his authority to assure compliance. A detailed description of this course is provided in Attachment .

6. Managerial Grid

More than 2,000 officers in the Agency have taken this one-week course (See Attachment) for a description). Until FY 1972 it was offered almost exclusively to those at the GS-13 level or higher, both as part of the Midcareer Course and independently. The Grid is now open to personnel at the GS-07 level and higher and "is recommended especially ver for retexto 2003/05/27v: SIA-RDP34-00780R005000670014-7e."

25)

We anticipate that it will continue to constitute the first week of the Midcareer Course until larger numbers of these students have taken it. At present, not more than three or four Midcareer students per running have taken it previously—and they do not repeat it at this time.

Annual enrollment in the Managerial Grid during the last four years including those who take it as part of the Midcareer Course, has been 245, 231, 281, and 281, respectively. Our scheduled capacity is 320 students annually, eight offerings with a maximum enrollment of 40 each. The course is conducted "in residence"

25X1

and involves five full days and evenings of intensive

With the incorporation of the Grid into the core program, we are trying to promote enrollment of eligible personnel within their first three years of employment in the Agency. It remains to be seen what effect the Executive Director-Comptroller's emphasis on management training will have on enrollment in this program.

7. Fundamentals of Supervision and Management

work.

Total enrollment in this one-week course was 362 students in FY 1972, about 20% higher than average enrollment in the previous four years.

Among OTR conducted courses, only the one-day

25X1

program had a higher enrollment this past year.

25)

Approved For Release 2015 P. C. ARDP84-00780R005000070014-7

The present course is a merger of two former courses, similar in content, but offered to different categories of employees. The former "Supervision" course was presented to employees in the GS-05 to -10 range, while the former "Management" course was designed for officers at higher levels. The combined course has included in the same running junior, midlevel, and senior employees who have cited the interchange among them as having a highly positive impact. The average grade of those enrolled in this course has been between GS-09 and -10.

Scheduled capacity for the course is 304 students annually, but is subject to adjustment based on demand. Student potential is vast in view of the fact that the course is designed for "supervisors and prospective supervisors at all levels in the Agency." Over 1,500 employees have taken this course, or its equivalent, in the last five years. Again, with the Executive Director-Comptroller's emphasis on mangement training, demand for this could well increase. A description of the course is provided as Attachment &.

8. Midcareer

Having commented earlier in the paper on this course in terms of basic concept and approach, I wish to set forth here some specific details and considerations about it.

Approved For Release 2003/05/27 : CIA-RDP84-00780R005000070014-7

First, as the description of the course in Attachment states, it is designed for "professional officers, generally at the GS-12/13 level, aged 30 to 40, with five or more years' professional experience, who have need of a broader outlook in executing their responsibilities."

Student capacity in the course, conducted four times a year, is 128 annually.

We do not think it can be a mass course and still be of significant value to the Agency or the individual. This is not to say that it cannot be adjusted in terms of frequency, duration, content, class size and location to accommodate larger numbers, should this be necessary.

Before OTR was to disrupt what has been a highly regarded course, however, we would certainly need reliable projections concerning the number of officers to be selected according to agreed criteria and to be made actually available for enrollment. Availability of eligible officers most certainly has been a problem for the Clandestine Service in connection with this course.

Frequency and content are interlocking considerations in view of the course's heavy dependence on input from guest speakers, primarily very senior officers of the Agency. Much of the value of the course, and the sense of renewal and pride experienced by the students, stems from this aspect.

Approved For Release 2003/05/27 - CIA-RDP84-00780R005000070014-7

	The residential dimension
25X1	-also has been a
	critical factor in its success. Midcareerists regularly cite the oppor-
	tunity for exchange among 30 fellow students in this environment as
	the greatest single benefit from the course.

What I am saying is that we should not immediately conclude that the course needs adjustment until assured about the number and availability of officers for whom it is intended.

9. Advanced Intelligence Seminar

This course, three weeks in duration, was conducted four times in FY 1972 for a total of 104 students. Three runnings, for approximately 75 students, are projected for FY 1973.

While the principal emphasis of the Midcareer Course is on the Agency and its activities, the AIS (described in Attachment ()) provides selected officers with a still broader view of matters outside the Agency which relate to the intelligence profession. Areas covered, in addition to broad Agency matters, include the intelligence community, policymaking mechanisms within the U.S. Government, and major international and domestic problems.

The seminar is a logical sequence to the Midcareer Course in the professional development of an Agency officer. OTR recommends an interval of at least three years between an officer's taking this sequence in view of the broader issues covered and the somewhat higher grade leve Approved For Release Course in the Midcareer Course in the

25X

Approved For Release 200305025 Th. AAIDP84-00780R005000070014-7

10. Senior Seminar

The initial running of this most recent of the core course took place on a trail basis in the Fall of 1971 for 20 students, at the GS-15 and supergrade levels; a second running was conducted in Spring 1972 for 19 students. We have just been advised that the Deputy Directors have agreed that the Senior Seminar should be conducted once a year beneforth for 25-30 students. It is a nine-week program for officers who hold significant line and staff positions in the Agency or are judged by their career services to be headed for such positions. This is the one core course whose participants are chosen by the Training Selection Board from candidates recommended by the career services.

A fuller description of this program is provided in Attachment # .

11. Management Training in Core Courses

Two of the six core courses are in the field of management training exclusively. In accordance with Mr. Colby's desires, we are in the process of incorporating elements of management theory and techniques, information science and records management, and computer capabilities into the other four courses. The Senior Seminar already has a management block in it, the Intelligence and World Affairs Course which started later this month will contain elements of familiarization geared to new, junior officers, and the Midcareer Course will be adapted to such elements later this year. We have no specific plans in this field at the

Approved For Release (19) 1572 1674 RDP84-00780R005000070014-7

moment for Advanced Intelligence Seminar in view of its primary emphasis on matters outside the Agency, but in all probability we will introduce such elements in the future.

12. Conclusion

The thoughts and data contained in this paper are provided for your guidance relative to training concepts and resources that can be included in the personnel development program solicited by the Executive Director-Comptroller. We do not plan to initiate any basic adjustments in the core courses to allow for increased, or decreased, enrollments pending your review of this paper and any comments you wish to offer.

HUGH T. CUNNINGHAM
Director of Training

Att

PROMOTION RATES OF SELECTED GS-13 MIDCAREER COURSE ENROLLEES CY 1966 and 1968

(Data as of 31 December 1971)

Midcareer Course Enrollees, Total	CY 1966 91	CY 1968 139
Midcareer Course Enrollees, GS-13 Level	58 (65%)	78 (56%)
GS-13s in group later promoted to GS-14 (still on duty only)	46 (86.8%)*	45 (61. 6%)**
GS-13s in group <u>not</u> promoted (still on duty <u>only</u>)	7 (13.2%)	28 (38.4%)
GS-13s in group later separated	5 (8.6%)	5 (6.4%)

^{* 8} of these officers have also been promoted to GS-15 ** 2 of these officers have also been promoted to GS-15

CONFIDENTIAL Attachment B Approved For Release 2003/05/27 : CIA-RDP84-00780R005000070014-7

HOMOTION OF GS-13 OFFICERS

FY 1971-72

	FY 19 71	FY 1972
Total Number of Agency Officers Promoted (GS-13 to -14)	293	159
Total Completing Midcareer Course	103	(35%) 47 (30%)
Total Not Enrolled in Midearcer Course	190	(65%) 112 (70%)

C-0-N-1-1-D-E-N-T-1-A-L Approved For Release 2003/05/27/ALOUS:RDR84-00780R005000070014-7

INTELLIGENCE AND WORLD AFFAIRS

(IWA)

Description

This course is designed as an introduction to CIA and to intelligence as a career. The Agency is discussed within the context of the intelligence community. CIA's functions, from the collection of intelligence information through the production and use of finished intelligence, as well as its role in policy implementation, are presented. Primary emphasis is placed on the major targets of US intelligence — the Soviet Union and Communist China. The less developed countries and the industrial-ized countries of Europe and Japan likewise receive attention. Instruction is through the lecture-discussion method, supplemented by readings, exercises, seminars and films. Many speakers are from the OTR faculty, but a significant number are from other elements of CIA as well as other government agencies and occasionally non-governmental speakers are used.

Designed For

This course is <u>required</u> for all new professional employees and those advanced from sub-professional to professional status.

Administrative Data

Conducted By: School of Intelligence and World Affairs

Length : Four weeks, full time

Frequency: Six to eight times a year.

Place : Chamber of Commerce Building

Class Size : 20 - 50

CIA INTERNAL USE ONLY

STAT

THE MANAGERIAL GRID

Description

This is a copyrighted course designed by Scientific Methods, Inc., to identify managerial styles, to promote open communication, and to convey the concept of on-going critique.

The Managerial Grid is an intensive learning experience focusing on problem-solving through personal interaction of students in teams.

Designed For

ILLEGIB

Employees in Grade GS-07 and above. It is recommended especially for those whose supervisors have attended this course. ILLEGIB Eligible employees should attend this program within the first three years of their apployment in the Agency.

Administrative Data

Conducted By

Length

: Support School

: Five Days (Sunday evening through Friday noon),

and including evening sessions

Frequency

Place

: Approximately eight times a year

Class Size Special

: In residence

Requirement

: Maximum 40 (Maximum)

Registration

Deadline

: Pre-course work (approximately 30 hours)

Four weeks prior to the start of the course to assure distribution and completion of pre-course work

LIA INTERNAL USE ONLY



FUNDAMENTALS OF SUPERVISION AND MANAGEMENT

Description

This course concentrates on effective managerial behavior, stressing Communication, Motivation, Perception, Leadership, and Problem-Solving/Decision-Making.

Group exercises prevail supplemented by films and lectures. Emphasis is on practical application and experience exchange among the students.

Designed For

Supervisors and prospective supervisors at all levels in the Agency.

Administrative Data

Conducted By

Length

Frequency

Place

Class Size

Special

Requirement

Registration

Deadline

: Support School

: One week, full time

: Eight times a year

: Chamber of Commerce Building

: 18-38

: Pre-course work (6-8 hours)

: A.

A: Three weeks prior to the start of the course to assure distribution and completion of pre-course work.

A1.416

GIA INTERNAL USE ONLY

C-0-N-F-1-D-E-N-T-1-A-L Approved For Release 2003/05/27: CIA-RDP84-00780R005000070014-7



MIDCAREER COURSE

(MCC)

Description

This course is an opportunity for experienced officers of the Agency to widen their knowledge and understanding of the intelligence profession and the milieu in which it is practiced. Phase 1, consisting of the Managerial Grid, focuses on managerial styles and organizational communication. Phase II deals with functions, relationships, and problems within the Agency. Phase III concentrates on the Intelligence Community and the broader sphere of international affairs, U.S. foreign policy and activities, and domestic matters as they pertain to foreign relations and the intelligence function.

Designed For

Professional officers, generally at the GS-12/13 level, aged 30 to 40, with five or more years' professional experience, who have need of a broader outlook in executing their responsibilities. - Troephionsto these criteria may be granted. N-00/5-10-0012

Administrative Data Conducted By: School of intelligence and World Affairs Length : Six weeks, full time Frequency : Four times per year. Place

Class Size : 30 - 32

Soloction : Students and alternates are selected by the each Directorates and the O/DCI according to quotas

established by OTR

Special

Mote

Requirements: First week consists of Managerial Grid; students who have had the Grid need not repeat. Form 72, "Request for Internal Training", should include data/place of birth and Social Security number for obtaining special clearances. A bicgraphic profile should accompany Form 73 for planning purposes. ILLEGIE

Approved For Release 2003/05/27: CIA-RDP84-00780R005000070014-7

C-O-N-F-1-D-E-N-T-1-A-1

25X

ADVANCED INTELLIGENCE SEMINAR

(AIS)

Description

The Advanced Intelligence Seminar (AIS) places major emphasis upon current factors affecting the Agency's key functions, role, and effectiveness; international and domestic developments as they bear upon the US intelligence effort; and the outlook for intelligence in the 70's.;

5-The Seminar draws on knowledgeable speakers from inside and outside the Agency, and establishes an atmosphere for in-depth dialogue among speakers and participants.

Designed For

Middle and senior grade personnel from all parts of the Agency. Minimum grade GS-13.

Administrative Data

Conducted By: School of Intelligence and World Affairs : Three weeks, full time

Frequency Three or four times yearly

Place First week Second week Headquarters

> Third week Headquarters

Class Size : 25 (maximum)

Length

: Candidates should be prepared to participate Special actively in the Seminar. Form 73 should be Requirements accompanied by a page giving: (a) biographic profile, (b) place and date of birth and Social Security number, for obtaining special clearances. Graduates of the Midcareer Course should allow

approximately threcoyears elapse before registering

for the AIS.

Three weeks prior to beginning of Seminar. Registration 2 Deadline

25)

Approved For Release 2003/05/27 : CIA-RDP84-00780R005090070014-7

SENTOR SEMINAR

Description

2 012 Cotalloque

The CIA Senior Seminar offers general training for senior officers on intelligence and related subjects. The organization and content of the Seminar are on a level with the Senior Seminar in Foreign Policy, the senior military schools, and the Federal Executive Institute.

The Seminar's objectives are to update senior officers' knowledge of foreign developments and their impact on CIA; to enlarge their understanding of the Agency, its relationships with other parts of government, and the problems and pressures facing Agency management; and to expose the participants to change in American society which is relevant to CIA.

A wide spectrum of topics is covered, including management training, major world trends and problems, the missions and activities of the Agency and the Intelligence Community, CIA's relationships with non-intelligence agencies and other parts of government, domestic problems and trends which impact on CIA, and the future outlook for U.S. intelligence.

The Seminar draws on experts from academic life and private research organizations, officials from other branches and agencies of the government, and knowledgeable officers from throughout the Agency. Specific topics are treated in formal presentations followed by seminar discussions with guest speakers and panels. Films, case studies and discussions of papers are interspersed. Much of the learning and broadening in the Seminar is derived through the participation of the Seminar participants. Selection of officers who represent different organizational elements and a wide range of work and foreign area experience is therefore an essential element.

Designed For

Officers who are at least grade GS-15, preferably GS-16 and above, who hold significant line and staff positions or who are likely to attain such positions.

proved-For Release 2003/05/27 : CIA-RDP84-00780R005000070014-7

18 July 1972

NOTE FOR THE RECORD

SUBJECT: Training and Personnel Development

Mr. Wattles and I discussed this paper, and it was agreed that OTR would put in final form and return through DD/S to D/Pers. I discussed with DD/TR who will do this promptly, including some modification to para 4 to make it less harsh.

LDP jo